The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY, APRIL 17, 1905 XLIII—NO 4

THE CITY ICE AND COAL CO.

A New Enterprise to be Established by May 1.

A CAPITAL STOCK OF $10,000.

F. F. Taggart Has Organized a Company Under the Laws of Ohio — Jerome F. Shepley Will be Manager of the New Company.

The mystery surrounding the reason why F. F. Taggart is building so large an office for his coal business in North Mill street, which will be one of the finest offices in the city, was discovered Friday morning by an Independent reporter, when it was learned that incorporation papers had been applied for at Columbus for the City Ice and Coal Company, an Ohio corporation with a capitalization of $10,000. The company has been organized in Massillon and the officers will be prominent business men of the city. The directorate has not yet been named.

F. F. Taggart and Jerome F. Shepley are two of the principals in the deal thus far. Mr. Taggart will continue to be connected with the coal business in all of its branches and Mr. Shepley will be manager for the new company. He will resign his position as superintendent at the plant of the Rhodes Glass and Bottle Company on May 1, when the new company will be ready to open business at its office in North Mill street. Both Mr. Taggart and Mr. Shepley are well known business men of the city and have received much encouragement in their undertaking.

The City Ice and Coal Company will handle the entire output of ice from the plant of the Schuster Brewing Company, the company in the future being simply a manufacturing concern. The new company will furnish ice to the regular trade as has been done by the Schuster Brewing Company and will also make arrangements to furnish ice to residences. There will be no change in the prices as established by the Schuster Brewing Company. The option taken on the output of ice calls for the consummation of the deal on May 1 and the City Ice and Coal Company will have all matters arranged to take full charge of the business on that date. New wagons and additional teams will be purchased to care for the trade in the residence districts so that no dissatisfaction can occur regarding the service given.

The plans concerning the coal trade, both wholesale and retail, and both in the city and at a distance, are even on a larger scale than are the plans concerning the ice deal. The company has been negotiating with General Manager Blickensderfer, of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, for several months concerning the purchase of three acres of land along the tracks in the manufacturing district and only a few days ago secured the land desired. The land is situated near the Harrison manufacturing plant and the Reed & Company's glass factory, and so located that shipping may be made on the Wheeling & Lake Erie, the B. & O. and the Pennsylvania lines. The land is located in a triangle formed partly by these railroads and is one of the most desirable locations for a business enterprise in the city.

The new company will establish a modern coal yard, an institution which, by many, has been long deemed a necessity. Office and storage buildings will be erected at once. The first storage building will be one hundred and fifty feet long and will have a capacity of three thousand tons. Railroad and wagon scales will be built and a fence will surround the entire yard. The stables for the teams in both the ice and coal trade and barns for the wagons will also be constructed in the yard.

A deal has been made with the Wheeling & Lake Erie Company whereby that road will commence in the near future to make a deep fill in the yard, bringing the yard up to the level required. As soon as the new company has established its facilities for handling business, it will be ready to care for all classes of trade, wholesale or retail, and in any desired quantity.

Those interested in the company said Friday that no one in the company felt the least antagonism toward any other dealer and that the organization of the City Ice and Coal Company was but the outgrowth of business that had grown in volume during the past few years. The company has no desire to do a business that will ruin competition but feels that the city is ready to maintain such a business as will be established. The officers of the company will be named as soon as the incorporation papers have been granted. The deal has been held under advisement for several weeks and was only brought to a working agreement Thursday afternoon by those interested in the movement.

COXEY DISCHARGED.

Bankruptcy Case Decided by United States Court.

Columbus, April 14.—General Jacob S. Coxey, of commonwealth fame, was today discharged as a bankrupt by the United States court. His liabilities were $285,000, and his assets were tied up in the Coxey Sand Company, of Massillon, O.

KNOBLOCH IS THE NOMINEE

His Plurality is One Hundred and Twenty-six.

SMITH RECEIVES A PLURALITY.

Official Canvass is Completed, With the Exception of the City of Canton—Committeemen of Massillon and the Various Townships of County.

Canton, April 13.—The Republican committee Wednesday afternoon began work on the count of the votes cast at Saturday's primary election, and canvassed the vote of the entire county with the exception of the city of Canton. Members of the committee are also on the Canton city board of deputy supervisors, and the count of the city vote could not be commenced until after the completion of the other work.

In the county outside of Canton the official vote gives Knobloch 2,489. The unofficial vote in this city, which is admitted to be approximately correct, gives him 1,742, making a total of 4,231.

Mr. Fisher's outside vote is 2,386 and his Canton vote 1,719, making a total of 4,109.

This gives Knobloch a plurality of 126.

Clark Metzger's vote in Canton was 438. In the county outside of the city 1,6421, making his total 2,080.

It is also settled that Isaac H. Smith is infirmary director, and all the others announced as nominated stand, with but little change in the total votes.

As disclosed by the official count of the votes, the following committeemen were nominated in Massillon and the various townships in the county:

Massillon, first ward, precinct A, Thomas Hemmingway; precinct B, Edward Jacoby. Second ward, precinct A, A. L. Wilhelm; precinct B, Frank Wagoner. Third ward, precinct A, Nathan Klotz; precinct B, H. L. Walters. Fourth ward, precinct A, L. A. Vogt; precinct B, L. P. Slusser.

Bethlehem—James D. Allman, Alfred Hensel.

Canton—Horace Sponseller, W. A. Becher.

Jackson — John Firestone, W. A. Leonard.

Lake — O. P. Shanafelt, M. M. Guiley, H. N. Myers.

Lawrence—Evan Williams, John P. Jones, Thomas J. Morgan.

Lexington—Elijah Carter, L. A. Leonard.

Marlboro—Henry Speelman, E. F. Wearstler, William L. Nash.

Nimishillen—F. C. Brown, John B. Kagey, M. L. Hutt.

Osnaburg—J. L. Todd, Thomas Wolf.

Paris—D. W. Danner, H. E. Steir, R. H. Shearer.

Pike—J. M. Howenstine, Edward Whitnight.

Perry—Frank Doll, B. L. Ayers.

Plain—Adam W. Oberlin, Henry Gibson, Forest Druckenbrod.

Sandy—Elias Bowman, John A. Baum.

Sugarcreek—J. F. Hay, O. A. McFarren, George W. Kalp, R. C. Shanower.

Tuscarawas—W. S. Evans, Charles Swigarts B. Lever.

Washington—J. W. Pickens, George W. Byers, Levi Krabill.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, April 17, 1905:

LADIES.

Hoss Miss Birttie — Story, Mamie
Wade, Mrs. Eva — Watson, Miss Doris

MEN.

Chirpley Harry — Fletcher, Wm. H.
Klein, Fred — Phelps, L. I.
Von Kanel, Leon

FOREIGN.

Komjathy, Karoly urnak

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

LOUIS A. KOONS, P. M.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

Three More Negroes are Under Arrest in Canton.

WERE COMPANIONS OF GRANT.

An Unusual Divorce Case Before Common Pleas Court—Injunction Proceedings Will Delay Building of New Water Works Station in Canton.

Canton, April 14.—The hearing of William A. Grant, the colored man, charged with having criminal relations with Lulu Carnes, a white girl under the age of consent, was begun before Mayor W. H. Smith Friday morning. Three other colored men were arrested by the police on the same charge. They are Robert Jackson, John Adams, jr., and Alfred Early. All pleaded not guilty when arraigned and the mayor ordered a joint hearing. This will likely occupy the entire day. Lulu and Ellen Carnes will then be taken to Delaware and placed in the girls' industrial school.

A rather unusual divorce proceeding was begun in common pleas court Friday morning in which Frank G. Silvers asked for a decree from Lizzie E. Silvers, whom he claimed to be his common law wife. Silvers, whose home is in this city, alleges that on or about September 15, 1899, the plaintiff and defendant agreed to live together as husband and wife and did so until July 20, 1903, and that they introduced each other as husband and wife. Plaintiff avers that on or about July 20, 1903, the defendant married Henry W. Lewis, and since then has been wilfully absent and also guilty of gross neglect. He asks for a divorce. Attorneys Welty & Albaugh represent the plaintiff. The defendant is said to now reside in Atlantic City, N. J.

Probate Judge Aungst handed down his decision in the case of Ohio against Patrick Haley charged with the malicious destruction of property Friday morning. The court decided that Haley was guilty. He was charged with driving a rig belonging to the Campbell Livery Company into an automobile while returning from the foot ball game in Massillon last Thanksgiving day. The vehicle was demolished and it was alleged that the mishap was due to Haley's carelessness.

George W. Butler, a taxpayer on behalf of the city of Canton, has instituted injunction proceedings in common pleas court against the city of Canton, U. R. Reinhold, Hiram Doll and John F. Buchman, as members of the board of public service of the city, and Contractor George H. Whike. Plaintiff prays the court, on behalf of himself and the other taxpayers of the city, that the defendants, the board of public service and the city of Canton, be perpetually enjoined from entering into any contract for the building or construction of the new water works pumping station or from proceeding with the erection or construction of the building under the present notices, plans and specifications. In the absence of Common Pleas Judges Harter and Ambler a temporary restraining order was allowed by Probate Judge Aungst, who required a bond in the sum of $500 to secure the costs and indemnify the defendants against damages. The plaintiff, in his petition, says that the city council in November, 1904, passed an ordinance granting the board of public service the power to receive bids in a sum not exceeding $25,000 for the erection of a water works pumping station. Plaintiff avers that the estimated cost of the building was $10,000. Plaintiff avers that bids were received by the board of public service up to 12 o'clock, noon, on April 3, 1905, and the contract awarded to George H. Whike for $24,888.23. Plaintiff avers that the proceedings were irregular, invalid and illegal for the reason that the plans and specifications were defective and insufficient and the notices to contractors and plans for proposals were defective. The plaintiff alleges that the plans and specifications were so indefinite that bidders were misled and not given a fair opportunity to bid on the building.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

Four Negroes are Bound Over to Court.

Canton, April 15.—At the conclusion of the hearings of William A. Grant, Robert Jackson, John A. Adams and Alfred Early, all colored, Friday afternoon, all were bound over to the common pleas court grand jury. The bond of Adams was fixed at $500 and each of the others was placed under $1,500 bond. All four of them are charged with rape, or attempting rape, the victim being Lulu Carnes, a girl of 14 years. Lulu Carnes and her 12-year-old sister, Ellen Carnes, were taken to the girls' industrial school at Delaware by the authorities Saturday morning

Judge and Mrs. Ralph S. Ambler and son, Phillips, have returned from a six weeks' trip. They visited in Washington, Marlboro and Baltimore, and then had a delightful sojourn at Old Point Comfort, returning home in the best of health. During their visit they visited the Portsmouth navy yard and witnessed the launching of the Minnesota. It was the first vacation taken by Judge Ambler in several years and he expressed himself as being much rested and ready to resume court duties.

Charles Huston, colored, was fined $10 and costs and sentenced to twenty days in the workhouse by Probate Judge M. E. Aungst Saturday morning. Huston pleaded guilty to stealing brass from the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad Company.

TRUSTEES WILL MEET TUESDAY.

Officials of the State Hospital Will be Here.

FORMING A BASEBALL TEAM.

Manager Vaughn Will Have a Team That Will Surpass the Abilities of Former Teams—Dr. and Mrs. Eyman Were Cleveland Visitors.

The trustees of the Massillon state hospital will meet in the office building with Superintendent Eyman next Tuesday to consider matters of importance that have transpired during the last month. One subject certain to be discussed, although the board has no official connection with the matter, is the rumored transfer of Superintendent Eyman to a Columbus state institution. The board has already shown that it desires Superintendent Eyman to remain in Massillon, but that is about the extent of the board's power in retaining a superintendent, as the governor has the power to make and unmake state appointees at will. Governor Herrick is now in Columbus, having returned from a trip through the Southwest a few days ago. It is known that he has already considered the matter of naming a superintendent for the hospital for feeble minded youth in Columbus, but thus far he has maintained a silence that leads to no inferences. The latest rumor from Columbus pertaining to the matter is that Governor Herrick has said that he desires to promote some superintendent to the Columbus position but as yet has not made known whom he prefers. Several interests are being involved in the appointment and it is not likely that it will be made immediately.

The base ball season at the hospital was inaugurated Thursday afternoon with a "skirmish" on the ball field as one of the players termed the practice. The team, or as much of it as is at the hospital, went to the ball grounds and put in an hour of good work. At least six of the star players of last year's team will be with the team this year and four or five new men, who have played good ball before, will become members. Dr. Vaughn, the manager, has picked out the following players to begin the season with: Barrett, Shanabrook, Tindal, Dawson, Malloy, Taylor, Schwartz, Crossland, Wagner, Tillitson. Manager Vaughn will play when occasion demands. Malloy will pitch and assist Barrett who last year carried most of the heavy work. Wagner and Tillitson are coming from Chicago in a short time and are said to be good players. The hospital team will play many of the strong teams in this part of the state and it is expected that the team will give as good an account of itself this year as in former seasons, when it won nearly all of the games played.

Dr. and Mrs. Eyman spent Thursday and Friday in Cleveland. Dr. Eyman attended a business meeting of a financial institution of which he is first vice president. They returned home Friday evening.

Dr. Harris has returned to his duties as assistant physician from his home in Kenton, where he spent a few days after attending a state convention of assistant physicians at Dayton last week.

Because of the lecture given by Dr. Eyman in William McKinley hall last Sunday evening, no card party was held this week.

The graduation exercises of the class of trained nurses will be held in June. As yet no plans for the event have been made. There are five members in the senior class.

The weekly dance was held as usual Friday evening.

It pays to try our want columns

BOARD HELD A STAR MEETING.

Reporters Ordered Out of the School Board Rooms.

ALL MEMBERS WERE PRESENT.

When a Member was Asked on Saturday for a Report of the Star Session, the Reply was "We Just Had a Friendly Talk"—A Special Bond Election Next Saturday.

All members of the board of education were present at a meeting at the board rooms in South Erie street Friday evening, when the public, through the newspaper representatives, was denied the privilege of hearing the transactions of the board in detail. Those present were President Stoner, Clerk Fox, and Members Pumphrey, Grinnell, Albrecht and Mrs. Shoemaker. Others present were Superintendent Cronebaugh and two reporters.

Not one member entered a protest when President Stoner politely told the reporters to leave the room, and the silence was oppressive as the reporters gathered together their brief notes, donned their hats and coats and in keeping with the solemnity of the occasion, tiptoed out of the room. Not a word was spoken from the time President Stoner ordered the reporters out until they had closed the door. As to what took place in the star session, the public may learn by a sort of intuitive absorption, as no one on the board cared on Saturday to take the occasion to inform the reporters.

This was not the first star session held in the board rooms, as Independent reporters have been told to leave meetings of former boards, but this was the first star session of the present board, which up to Friday evening had taken the public into its confidence and on repeated occasions had made it plain to the reporters that the board desired to keep nothing a secret.

The reporters were privileged to listen to the reading of the minutes, the reading and approving of the bills, and a discussion pertaining to whether or not some of the trees in the State street school yard and the North street school yard should be trimmed this season. Miss Clara Harsh was appointed a teacher in the Franklin building to succeed Miss Adelaide Beck and the appointment was confirmed. President Stoner thereupon remarked that inasmuch as there was nothing else to be done, the board would go into executive session. It took the board nearly an hour to transact the "nothing," of which President Stoner spoke.

It was learned Saturday that the board discussed a protest against some of the examination tests recently held. Superintendent Cronebaugh was present during the first part of the star session but he also was absent from the room during the latter part. Members of the board were reticent about what transpired and would not go into details to an Independent reporter on Saturday. The most that the reporter could learn was that no business was transacted.

"We just had a friendly talk," said one member, when asked to give in substance what was done at the star meeting.

The bond issue question, upon which a vote is asked for next Saturday at the hands of the public, was not discussed at the meeting. Clerk Fox reported that the entire matter was now in the hands of the county board of elections.

THE WOOSTER BANKERS.

Ohliger and Zimmerman Appear in Court Friday.

Cleveland, April 15.—L. T. Ohliger and J. R. Zimmerman, president and chairman of the board of directors, respectively, of the defunct Wooster National bank, of Wooster, O., were arraigned in the United States district court Friday on an additional indictment against them recently returned by the federal grand jury.

The new indictment charges them with falsifying the bank's books and making incorrect reports to the comptroller of the currency. They each pleaded not guilty and were released on their old bonds, amounting to $10,000 each.

Itching hemorrhoids were the plague of my life. Was almost wild. Doan's Ointment cured me quickly and permanently, after doctors had failed." C. F. Conwell, Valley St., Saugerties, N. Y.

Want column ads. pay. Try it.

CLAIMS AGAINST MEXICO

Survivors of Yaqui Massacre Will Ask for Indemnity.

Toledo, O., April 15.—A movement is on foot among the survivors of the Yaqui Indian massacre in Mexico last January, and the relatives of those who lost their lives, to bring suit against the Mexican government for indemnity.

C. E. Tolerton, of Salem, O., a nephew of E. W. Tolerton, of this city, and a cousin of Mrs. Merrill A. Call, has gone to Chicago to consult attorneys relative to the claim, and he is trying to interest the relatives of those killed. It is intended to ask the sum of $100,000 each for those who lost their lives. They were Merrill A. Call, of Toledo; Walter Stuppinger, Kewanee, Ill.; J. K. McKenzie and D. Robert McCoy, of Chicago. Tolerton and the other survivor of the party, H. E. Miller, of Los Angeles, Cal., want $25,000 each. It is said that government officials have promised aid in the prosecution of the claim for indemnity. The Toledo relatives of Merrill A. Call will take no action in the matter, but it is understood that his father, who lives in California, will join the other parties in a claim for indemnity.

PRESIDENT'S AMBITION.

Just Aching to Kill a Bear With a Knife.

Washington, April 15.—It is the ambition of President Roosevelt to kill a bear with a knife. Before he went away he told Representative Babcock, of Wisconsin, that he hoped to get into such close quarters with a bear that the killing would have to be done with a knife.

The President lacks just that one experience. He has killed bears with bullets. His aim has been too true to make it possible for him to have a fight with a wounded animal in which he would have to depend upon his skill with a knife to prevent serious injury to himself.

FEW DESERTIONS IN NAVY.

Absentees Number but Trifle Over One Per Cent.

Washington, April 15.—In view of recent publications to the effect that there have been heavy desertions from the north Atlantic fleet, now in Florida waters, an official statement has been issued by the chief of staff to the effect that on the 8th inst. the total number of absentees from the ships was eighty, which is only a trifle more than one per cent of the personnel of the fleet.

Moreover, these are set down as stragglers instead of deserters, because it is believed that many of them have simply overstayed their leave and will return to their vessels. The showing is regarded as excellent.

SCHOOL FOR CONVICTS.

One for Women to be Started in Ohio Penitentiary.

Columbus, April 14.—A school for women prisoners of the penitentiary will be established within the next month under the direction of the prison management, to be under the supervision of Superintendent Randall of the prison school. The teachers will be taken from among the prisoners and no outside volunteer teacher will be connected with the school.

OFF TO THE CAMP.

President Started on Last Stage of Trip This Morning.

Glenwood Springs, Col., April 15.—President Roosevelt's special train arrived here at 7:55 this morning and five minutes later left for Newcastle, twelve miles west. At the latter point the President's party mounted horses and started for Camp Roosevelt, which is high up on the mountains, twenty-seven miles out of Newcastle. President Roosevelt, in hunting garb, appeared on the rear platform of his car and responded briefly to the greetings of the large crowd assembled at the depot here. He said that on returning from his hunting trip next month he would stop here for a day and take a plunge in the pool.

MOBBED BY STRIKERS.

Chicago Police Fight Desperately to Rescue a Man.

Chicago, April 15.—Infuriated teamsters attacked a caravan of Montgomery, Ward & Company's wagons near the Northwestern freight house at Kinzie and West Water street today, dragging John Cox, a non-union driver, from his wagon. The attack was made so quickly that the police were taken by surprise and it was only after a desperate fight that Cox was reached.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
60 North Erie Street, - MASSILLON, O.

Long Distance Telephone.
Both Telephones No. 60.

Weekly Founded in 1863.
Daily Founded in 1887.
Semi-Weekly Founded in 1896.

Entered at Massillon postoffice as second-class matter.

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS.

THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on sale at Bahney's Book Store, Bammerlin's Cigar Stand and Hankins's News Stand in North Mill Street.

UNION LABEL

MONDAY, APRIL 17. 1905

Newspaper advertising is, today, the trade wind of business prosperity, says Newspaperdom. It is the power behind the throne; the power which sells goods to the public, and a power which no sane business man disputes. It is to business the steam or electric power that makes the "wheels go 'round." Handsome stores, fine goods and gentlemanly clerks go a long way toward making business prosperity, but it is advertising that draws the shopper as if by magic. It is advertising that moves goods rapidly and satisfactorily; it is advertising that men and women have learned to depend upon to guide them to the best for their money; it is advertising that women read, not as a "failing," but for the purpose of knowing where something they want may be obtained at the best figure. Advertising is the fundamental principle of success. Advertising is the cheapest and most direct guider to business success. It has been demonstrated time and time again that newspaper advertising is as essential to success as the very money with which a business is founded. In every city in America there are evidences where newspaper publicity has built up great store trades; has lifted falling business ventures to a foundation of lasting prosperity; has revolutionized existing conditions and made fortunes for those who use it as a necessity in their business.

MR. BRENINGER'S COMPLAINT.

The way of the transgressor is hard—also the way of the assessor, according to the sad tale told by Mr. William Breninger, assessor in Elton precinct. Mr. Brenunger has written all about his troubles to The Independent. He wants it "printed as it is written," and says he will "stand the brunt." Here is his communication:

To the Editor of The Independent:

Will you grant me space in your paper for the purpose of giving my experience in listing some personal property in Elton precinct on the 13th of April, 1905. I went to the home of Dr. A. M. Zerkey and was met in the yard by his body guard and the only true friend of his, commonly called a cross dog. At last the doctor came to the door, after the dog had tried to show his love for an assessor by trying to fasten his teeth in my arm. When I spoke to the doctor he was perfectly speechless, also his mother, so I could hardly blame the doctor, for the scripture says that like shall beget like. When I asked the doctor what he kept such a cross dog for he found his speech and in reply said: "I keep such dogs for the purpose of keeping away horse thieves and all the offscourings of this God forsaken country." Of course I had been admitted into the house a short time previous by walking and inviting myself to enter, so I don't think that he meant or classed me in the class that he keeps such dogs for the purpose. Wishing the doctor a very successful practice and further will say that cross dogs and windy threats will not and did not keep the Elton assessor away nor never will.

WILLIAM BRENINGER,
Assessor Elton Precinct.

And now let us hear from "the Doctor."

VETERANS ARE ANGRY.

Elyria G. A. R. Post Objects to Return of Flags.

Elyria, April 15.—Elyria Grand Army veterans are angry over congress' action in returning the Confederate flags and a resolution is before the local post to the effect that the post condemn the action by ceasing to observe Memorial day.

The resolutions recite that the flags to be returned evidence the brightest pages of stalwart American patriotism and that in their oblation congress tarnishes the record and dishonors the service of every veteran. It is resolved "that henceforward on Decoration day there shall be no more tributes for the green graves of dead comrades, but let the mantle of oblivion cover their moldering dust and the day be given over to the riotous revelry of strenuous life."

Scrofula, salt rheum, erysipelas and other distressing eruptive diseases yield quickly and permanently to the cleansing, purifying power of Burdock Blood Bitters.

THE PANAMA RAILROAD.

Rates on Freight Will be Materially Reduced.

Washington, April 15.—Announcement has been made by Secretary Taft, after two meetings on the subject, that it is the desire of this government to abolish discriminatory rates on the Panama railroad. As a result of the abolition, it is expected the government will have to re-equip the road and double track it.

The conferences at which this decision was reached were first between Secretary Taft and the executive committee of the isthmian canal commission and later between the secretary and the ministers of the Latin-American republics who some time ago asked for a reduction of rates so that it would be possible for South American goods to go to New York instead of being compelled to seek a market in Europe.

President Shonts expects to use all the rolling stock the road now owns in carrying materials for the construction of the canal. He believes he can use it to good advantage.

In addition to the abolition of discriminations, it is expected to also lower rates so that South American products may be taken to New York at as low, if not lower, cost than to British markets. At present it costs $12 a a ton carry coffee from Central America to New York and only $15 to Liverpool. The railroad gets between $5 and $6 for each ton it carries. The cost of carrying, exclusive of expense of the New York office of the railroad and fixed charges on the indebtedness of the company, is about $1.50. It is believed that the rate can be materially lowered without seriously affecting the returns upon the capital invested, which is $7,000,000. It is admitted that the abolition of discrimination and lowering of rates may affect transcontinental railroad rates, but the officers dealing with the question say they believe the effect will be slight. Members of congress who have been studying the question of rates believe the effect will be immediate and marked.

A minority interest, it was figured, might make trouble by appealing to the courts, especially if the five shares that were so long outstanding happened to be in the hands of the Southern Pacific, which controls traffic with the Pacific coast, and also the Pacific Mail steamers which in turn have an exclusive contract with the Panama Railroad Company.

Possession of the Panama Railroad Company makes it possible for the government to break the monopoly in California traffic now held by the Southern Pacific. American tramp steamers, after the discriminating rates now given the Pacific Mail are abolished, can take bulky freight, including citrous fruits to Panama, transfer them to the railroad and send them to New York ports and break any tariff of rates the Southern Pacific and the private car lines handling fruit may establish.

Chairman Shonts of the canal commission will be the next president of the Panama Railroad Company and every member of the commission will be made a director of the company. That will leave four members of the directorate to be named and they will be civilians.

Another important conclusion related to the assignment to duty of the four engineer officers of the canal commission who are not members of the executive committee, namely, Admiral Endicott, Colonel Ernst, General Hains and Mr. Harrod. It was decided to make these four men a special engineering commission, quite apart from the board of consulting engineers provided for in the President's order. To this engineering commission will be assigned the various engineering problems arising in the course of the construction of the canal. To them are to be submitted all plans of an engineering character of capital importance and on these they will ask the opinion of the board of consulting engineers, which body is so far incomplete. The consulting board will report on the projects to the full canal commission and this body in turn will make recommendations thereon to the President of the United States.

The labor problem was discussed at length and it was resolved that contracts should be made for the employment of two thousand Japanese and two thousand Chinese coolies in the canal construction. This is merely a preliminary and experimental move, but if it succeeds the engineers will have an almost unlimited force of labor to draw on.

Spring lamb at Graber Bros.

BACK-ACHE

and all other symptoms of kidney disease are speedily removed when the kidneys are made healthy, active and vigorous by the use of

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

the world's greatest kidney and liver regulator, and the only medicine having a combined action on kidneys and liver. One pill a dose; 25 cents a box. Write for free sample to The Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

OPPOSE RATE REDUCTIONS.

Steamship Companies Will Make a Strong Fight.

Washington, April 15.—The probability that the administration will lower rates on the Panama railroad and the assurance that discriminations will be abolished has stirred up the officers and agents of the transcontinental railroads. They will bring pressure both on President Roosevelt and congress to bear wherever they can to prevent material changes either in rates or in traffic arrangements.

It is learned that when M. Buneau Varilla, the first minister from Panama, was here two weeks ago, he came chiefly for the purpose of ascertaining what this government was likely to do in the matter of rates and traffic relations. He represented foreign holders of the bonds of transcontinental railroads. He learned that it was practically certain that the government would break up the relations now existing whereby the Southern Pacific and Pacific Mail prevented competition with the transcontinental roads by way of the isthmus.

The Pacific Mail, controlled by the Southern Pacific, has a contract with the Pacific Steamship Company and the Chilean Navigation Company, whereby it is agreed that the last mentioned corporations will not seek business in the Pacific north of Panama and the Pacific Mail will not seek business south of that point. Then the Pacific Mail has a contract with the Panama Railroad Company whereby the latter will not accept freight from any vessels except upon terms which makes it impossible for any of the tramp steamers to get the cargoes they may pick up at South American ports to the east coast of the United States. The agreement between the three steamship companies makes it impossible for shippers on the west coast of the United States to get competitive rates to Panama, and even if they could get them that far the contract between the railroad company and the Pacific Mail would make it impossible for a man on the isthmus to whom freight had been consigned to get it trans-shipped to New York.

The government will terminate the contract with the Pacific Mail in July and will put tramp steamers from every point on terms of equality with the Pacific Mail and its allies. The Pacific Mail threatens to withdraw its ships from the line between Panama and San Francisco and thus deprive California shippers of the facilities they now have of sending their freight via the isthmus. As only American bottoms can carry freight between the Pacific and Atlantic seaboards of the United States either via Cape Horn or the isthmus, the threat of the Pacific Mail, which is the only American line in the San Francisco Panama trade the Transcontinental road combination threat looks big to the shippers who have freight that can be carrried from the San Francisco to Atlantic ports via the isthmus.

But the administration believes that if the Pacific Mail should withdraw its ships other American vessels would take up the work and thus break the absolute control over rates which the combination now has.

HER BAIL INCREASED.

Mrs. Chadwick Again Appears in Court.

Cleveland, April 15.—Mrs. Chadwick, when arraigned in the United States district court yesterday, pleaded not guilty to the new indictment recently returned against her by the grand jury, charging her with aiding and abetting Cashier A. B. Spear, of the Oberlin bank, in making false entries in the bank's books and in making untrue statements to the controller of the currency. Spear was also arraigned yesterday and pleaded not guilty to the joint indictment. The court increased Mrs. Chadwick's bail from $20,000 to $27,000. Of the $7,000 added, $5,000 was to cover the new indictment, while $1,000 was named on each of two of the old indictments, upon which no bail had been specifically fixed heretofore.

In reply to a question of Attorney Wing, counsel for Mrs. Chadwick, in court today, District Attorney Sullivan said that Mrs. Chadwick would not be tried on any of the indictments standing against her during the present term.

This is taken to mean that the government will not try Mrs. Chadwick again unless she escapes punishment on the conspiracy charge upon which she was recently tried.

It is known that Mrs. Chadwick's attorneys are quietly at work in another attempt to secure bail for her. Including the bond demanded in the state courts for the release of Mrs. Chadwick, it will now require a total surety of $47,000 to obtain her release pending the decision of the circuit court of appeals on the motion for a new trial.

Mrs. Chadwick was apparently in much better health yesterday when she appeared in the court room than during her trial. She was fashionably attired in a black silk costume with a picture hat.

One dollar to Cleveland and return every Sunday via W & L. E., through train with parlor car, leaves 6:30 a. m.

CROPS OF BEARS.

An Akron Man is Raising Them Every Year.

The Washington Post says: Remarkable success has been achieved by R. H. Lodge, of Akron, O., in the raising of bears in captivity, which unusual industry he has been conducting for seventeen years and more, during which time he has had living in his "bear pit," or "colony of bears," many hundreds of black animals.

Numbers of these bears have been sold to zoological gardens, while many more have been disposed of from time to time for "holiday meat."

The phenomenal success attained by Mr. Lodge in breeding bears cannot be attributed to any one feature of his management. The large amount and the character of the uncooked vegetable food used has had probably much to do with it, but the opportunity for isolated hibernation in snug, dry dens, and the manner of treating the mother and young, must have contributed largely to the result. The fact that there has not been a case of sickness among the bears, nor a death, except through accident, during the time he has been in this business, is sufficient measure of the success of the originator of the industry.

It is well known to those familiar with collections of wild animals in zoological gardens and parks that bears in such places seldom produce young, and that to rear the cubs is still more unusual; so that it is generally conceded that the conditions incident to captivity almost preclude successful propagation. It is therefore worthy of notice that in this park at Akron, O., a pair of black bears has regularly bred and raised cubs during the last twelve years.

The foundation of the industry began with a mite of a female cub captured on the north shore of Lake Superior in 1887, and presented to Mr. Lodge by A. C. Kendal, of Cleveland. Two months after the cub was brought to Silver lake, Mr. Lodge purchased a male bear in central Michigan as a companion to his first acquisition, which is still a member of the happy family in the bear pit at Silver lake, and in the seventeen years it has been in captivity has brought twenty-seven cubs into existence.

The bears in this "colony" are kept in a circular brick pit twenty feet in diameter and twelve feet deep, built on the eastern slope of a hill, where the ground is dry and there is good drainage. On the upper side the top of the brick wall rises about three feet above the surface of the ground. The floor of the pit is of terra cotta block set in cement, and slopes toward the entrance gate, where drainage is provided by a gutter of the same materials. The brick lined entrance passage, about ten feet long and six feet high, is provided with inner and outer gates of iron grating, and thus affords a chamber to separate the bears from the main pit when desirable.

The bears mate in June, and the cubs are born in January. Their presence in the den is at once made evident by their whimpering, which somewhat resembles that of wild geese. They are surprisingly small as compared with the size of the adult, for they weigh at birth only nine to twelve ounces.

They are usually separated from the mother before the end of May, and thereafter are raised by hand. For the first few weeks their food consists entirely of milk; then they are gradually transferred to the mixed diet of the older bears. The cubs are vicious in their greediness, and cannot be trusted to take their milk together; when only three and a half months old one killed his brothers in a fight over a pan of milk.

The food given to the older bears is approximately as nearly as circumstances permit, to that which they would obtain in the wild state. Dandelion tops, clover and other vegetables, come with spring, and are followed by green corn, berries, and watermelons; and in the fall acorns are gathered for the bears. Green corn seems to be the favorite food, and is consumed most largely in the fall, when the bears become very fat.

The old bear is a model mother t the cubs as long as they remain under her care, even refusing on their account the attentions of her mate, but when they are taken away her affection for them seems soon to end. The father cannot be trusted at all with his offspring while they are very small.

GENERAL PALMER DEAD.

Albany, N. Y., April 15.—General John Palmer, former commander in chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, died here at his home today.

Dr. KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

Pleasant to take, Powerful to Cure, And Welcome in every Home.

KIDNEY and LIVER cure.

Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is adapted to all ages and both sexes, affording permanent relief in all cases caused by impurity of the blood, such as, Kidney, Bladder and Liver Complaints, Constipation, and weaknesses peculiar to women. Successful for 21 years. Prepared by DR. D. KENNEDY'S SON'S, Rondout, N. Y. $1.00 all druggists, Six bottles $5.00.

EASTER'S GAY DRESS

NO DEAD LEVEL OR STRAIGHT RUN IN FASHION'S COURSE.

Sauciest of Tip Tilted Headgear Tops the Present Costume—Trimming Mostly Under the Brim—Pale Pink and Gold Cloth Gown.

No rest exists for those who would be always in the latest style. Fashions come and go with lightning rapidity. One pleasing mode gives place to another seemingly more attractive. An endless confusion of possibilities accumulates. Out of them all it is the exceptional woman who fails to find her rightful garb, a costume of stylish distinction, taste and becomingness. The atmosphere of all that is essentially elegant in the freshest of today's modes breathes from the costume of

EASTER COSTUME.

the first cut, an imported Easter model built in pale pink cloth, the long revers to the little coat embroidered with gold in a raised design of grapes. Its quiet simplicity of outline combines with the fine materials and original color scheme to produce an effect as distinguished and novel as could be desired for the great dress parade of Easter.

Infinite variety and utter change from anything we have had for long years make the hats of the present most alluring. No longer do flat chapeaux maintain themselves at an uninteresting dead level on the head. Instead a saucy little affair tip tilted down upon the forehead with the gayest of French insouciance tells the story of the newest crowning touch to the costume.

Bandeaux of ribbon and flowers underneath the brim at the back of the hat make possible the requisite rakish angle of elevation, and indeed most of the hat decoration now goes under the brim. Undoubtedly the novelty seekers will "catch on" to this style, which, however, has too little real artistic merit to insure a prolonged vogue. A short but very merry run appears to be its prospect.

The woman who cannot possibly carry off this Parisian whim may take refuge in the much prettier watteau toque, with its saucy angles and curves and lovely bouquets of flowers, while

PIQUANT HAT FROM PARIS.

the cavalier hat with one upturned side expresses the best accepted form of the large or picture chapeau.

But, whether toque or hat, tilted it must be either at the back or side.

Light drap souple and Indian cashmere combine to form some of the smartest gowns of the moment.

The catch color of the spring is that of the dainty wood violet.

AMY VARNUM.

Removing Grease Spots.

To take grease out of dress goods get from your druggist a piece of French chalk. With a penknife scrape off enough of fine dust to cover well the soiled spots, and lay the garment away carefully for some hours—a day or two, perhaps—then shake or brush it off gently. If the spots are not entirely removed repeat the process.

Convenient Little Tool.

A "stitch ripper" is mentioned by an exchange as a convenient little tool for the workbasket. It looks like a combination of scissors and knife, pulling out stitches without the risk of cutting the fabric. It costs from 25 to 50 cents, according to the style of handle.

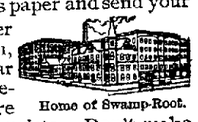
DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, uric acid, catarrh of the bladder and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work and in private practice, and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper, who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root, and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles are sold by all good druggists. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.



Home of Swamp-Root.

PRINCE MIRSKY POPULAR.

Numerous Plans for the Proposed Parliament.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—The report that former Minister of the Interior Prince Sviatopolk-Mirsky will return to public life as president of the rescript commission, although not officially confirmed, creates much satisfaction, as his sympathy with the principle of popular representation is well known. Numberless stories are being printed abroad giving details of the character, composition and date of convocation of the coming parliament. They are all premature.

Countless plans have been submitted, the favorite one being a parliament composed from two sources, an upper house of one hundred and twenty members, half of them to be nominated by the emperor and half to be elected by the nobility, and a lower house of six hundred and twenty-five members elected by various classes in all parts of Russia, including the non-Russian provinces. But the commission has not decided even in principle the nature or composition of the parliamentary body.

It is the delay which has destroyed popular confidence in the sincerity of the government and which led the attorneys' congress to undertake an active, united propaganda by all the liberal professions in behalf of constitutionalism.

The press has won a very considerable victory in the decision of the press commission to remove the censorship from foreign press telegrams. The regulations, however, will not go into effect until the revision of the press laws is complete.

WEAK, NERVOUS, WORN OUT WOMEN

Bloodless, Irritable, Despondent Women, Subject to All Sorts and Varities of Nervous Troubles, Find a Positive Cure in

DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE PILLS.

The world is full of women whose daily life is one long struggle against diseases peculiar to their sex—whose days and nights are full of quiet, patient suffering. The head the seat of pain and pressure—the result of nerve depression and physical weakness brought on by uterine or ovarian trouble—the nerve on edge—inclined to laugh or cry at anything—an ever present dragging in the back, hips and limbs—a feeling of utter weariness—lassitude and despondency. To these people Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are of incomparable value, having as they do the power to rebuild, to reinvigorate and resupply every organ, every nerve, every muscle with the lost energy, and to insure a complete return to health, strength and vigor again.

Mrs. John Bailey, of Jackson St., Penn Yan, N. Y., says:

"I was told that Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills were a great nerve medicine, and as I needed one badly, I got a box. My nerves were very weak—I lacked ambition and strength and my heart action was very weak. I used the Pills as directed and they made my nerves quiet and steady—the heart action strong and regular and the appetite good, my sleep became restful and I feel altogether like another person. I think as a remedy in female complaints as well, they are grand, curing the headaches and heavy, dragging feeling rapidly and easily—this I know from experience, and I am glad to recommend them." 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., on every package. For sale by E. S. Craig, Druggest, Massillon, O.

HELP WANTED—A good, responsible man in each county to handle our goods. With the right party, a very liberal contract will be made, insuring a steady, permanent income. No investment, but references or bond required. Profitable occupation for farmers during their spare time. The Chemical Stock Salt Co., Lodi Ohio

The little folks love Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Pleasant to take; perfectly harmless; positive cure for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

JONES'S BODY FOUND

Remains of American Admiral Unearthed After Long Search in Paris.

IDENTITY FULLY ESTABLISHED

American Ambassador to France, Paying Expense Himself, Finally Rewarded—Brave Sailor Aided Colonies in Winning Their Independence.

Paris, April 15.—The remarkable search which Ambassador Porter has conducted for the body of Paul Jones has been crowned with success by the discovery of the body and its identification by the highest French medical experts as unquestionably that of the famous American admiral who founded the American navy.

Ambassador Porter cabled to Washington announcing the successful results of his search. The body is in a good state of preservation considering that the interment took place over 100 years ago.

BUST OF COMMODORE JOHN PAUL JONES.

The circumstances leading to the final discovery of the body are particularly interesting. General Porter has conducted the search for the last five years and when congress recently took no action upon the president's recommendation for the expenses incident to the search the ambassador continued the extensive labors at his own expense. A large force of workmen has been engaged night and day tunnlling and cross-tunnelling the old St. Louis cemetery. This constituted a huge operation, embracing nearly a block covered with buildings and requiring a system of subterranean mining.

Casket of Superior Quality.

Hundreds of wooden caskets were found but not until Wednesday were unearthed four leaden caskets which gave promise of containing the body of the admiral. Three of them bore plates designating the names of the deceased. The fourth showed superior solidity of workmanship. No plate was found on this casket and it is supposed it was removed when another coffin was superimposed on it.

The leaden coffin was opened in the presence of General Porter, Colonel Bailly-Blatchard, the second secretary of the American embassy, and Engineer Weis, who has been directing the excavations. The body was found to be well preserved owing to its being immersed in alcohol. It was wrapped in a sheet with a packing of straw and hay. Those present were immediately struck by the resemblance of the head to that on the medallions and busts of the admiral.

As was anticipated, no uniform, decorations or sword were found, as all such articles had been accounted for after the burial.

The coffin is shaped like a mummy-coffin, which coffins were common at that period, widening from the feet to the shoulders, with a round top fitting over the head.

Remains Positively Identified.

The coffin was taken to the medical school, where Drs. Capitan and Papillant, professor of the school of anthropology and recoonized authorities thropology and recognized authorities with making a thorough examination for the purpose of identification. To facilitate this the ambassador furnished them with portraits and medallions, two busts by Houdil and authentic descriptions, color of the admiral's hair and the height and measurement of his body. After the most minute examination the following facts were fully substantiated:

Length of body, five feet seven inches, the admiral's exact height.

Size and shape of head agreed with several peculiarities identical with the head of the admiral.

Hair, dark brown, the same as the admiral's; in places slightly gray, indicating a person of his age, 45 years. The hair is long, reaching below the shoulders, and is combed back and gathered at the back of the neck.

The face is clean shaven, all corresponding exactly with the descriptions, portraits and busts of the admiral. The linen is in good condition. One article bears the initial, either "J" or an inverted "P."

The body was carefully packed. The limbs were wrapped in tinfoil, presumably for sea transportation, as indicated in a letter of the admiral's nearest friend and a pallbearer at his funeral, Colonel Blackden, who said: "His body was put in a leaden coffin so that in case the United States, which he had so essentially served, should claim his remains they might be more easily removed."

Finding that all the internal organs were singularly well preserved the doctors made an autopsy, which showed distinct proofs of the disease from which the admiral is known to have died. The identification was pronounced complete in every particular. Care has been taken to keep the body in its present state of preservation. It will be placed in a handsome casket and deposited in the receiving vault of the American church on the Avenue de L'Alma until the ambassador can learn the opinion of the government concerning the most appropriate means of transporting it to the United States and giving a fitting sepulcher to the body of the illustrious sailor whose place of burial had so long remained a mystery.

LEAPED ACROSS CHASM.

Inmates of New York Sweatshop Had to Jump or Perish.

New York, April 15.—Five persons were badly hurt, 50 others narrowly escaped death or injury, and hundreds were driven from adjoining tenements by a fire which destroyed the seven-story sweatshop building at 127-131 Hester street. When the fire was at its height the flames lit up the whole of the lower part of the city and the East river for miles.

That there were none of the usual fatalities accompanying a big East Side fire was due to the fact that the destroyed building was used almost wholly by small clothing makers and that there were no children and only one woman in the place. About 50 men, some employed as watchmen for the various clothing factories, and others friends of the watchmen whom they permitted to sleep there, were in the building. As the fire started on the third floor and spread so quickly that escape by the stairs from the upper stories was soon cut off, more than half of these men had to jump to the roofs of adjoining buildings, some across the chasm of an eight-foot alley way, to save their lives. All of the injured were hurt in making the leap for life.

INSULTED THE PRINCE.

German Workman to Be Prosecuted for Trivial Offense.

Berlin, April 15.—Prince Henry of Prussia halted in an automobile on the narrow Hamburger bridge at Hamburg to pay the tolls four days ago. An electric street car had to stop on the bridge to avoid colliding with the automobile.

"What are you doing with your smelly car?" called out the motorman, not recognizing the prince.

"Get out of the way," replied the prince.

The toll takor reported the incident to the street car company and the motorman wrote a letter of apology to the prince who replied that he had thought no more of the matter. The state attorney's office is investigating the incident with the object of proceeding against the motorman for insulting the prince.

FLEETS NOT REPORTED.

Rojestvensky Changes His Course to Avoid Merchant Vessels.

London, April 15.—No news throwing light on the movement of the fleets of Vice Admirals Rojestvensky and Togo has been received here, but according to a statement made by one of the doctors on board the Russian hospital ship Orel and Saigon, the ships of the Baltic squadron were going to Vladivostok.

Tuesday being the last day the Russian vessels were sighted, it is the general opinion in London that Rojestvensky has changed his course, possibly to the eastward, as otherwise it is considered certain the fleet would have again been sighted by passing steamers.

The correspondent at Hongkong of the Daily Mail telegraphs a report made by a steamer on April 11 that the Russian warships presented a serviceable and business-like appearance.

The Daily Telegraph's Tokio correspondent says: "Owing to military necessities the residents of Vladivostok are suffering privations. Five submarine boats have arrived at Vladivostok from America. The cruisers Gromoboi and Rossia are kept in constant readiness to leave port."

Mount Shasta Makes Trouble.

San Francisco, April 15.—Mount Shasta threatens to become active again. The ground has opened at several points and mud is ejected. The railroad fill across the big canon has sunk 40 feet, with the streets of the little mountain town filling up with muddy stuff, full of oil.

Confessed Many Crimes.

Chicago, April 15.—Frank Litzo, a young man arrested for a minor offense, declared to the police that he had committed two murders, shot one man, who afterward recovered, and had committed nine robberies and burglaries.

Reach Agreement About Thibet.

Pekin, April 15.—Negotiations between Great Britain and China have resulted in an agreement on the Thibet convention, Great Britain accepting some modifications.

CHOATE IS HONORED

Lords of English Law Shower Attention Upon American Ambassodor.

IS GIVEN FAREWELL BANQUET

Lord Chancellor Pays High Tribute to Personal Qualities of Mr. Choate, Who Responds in Kind—President and King Toasted.

London, April 15.—"Farewell! Rejoice! He goes back to his home with his duty well and nobly done, taking the universal respect and admiration of a kindred nation and his own."

Thus concluded Lord Chancellor Halsbury's tribute at parting with American Ambassador Choate, who recently was uniquely distinguished by election as a member of the Middle Temple and who last night was honored by the greatest gathering of the bench and bar in the history of the Inns of Court. The attorney general, Sir R. B. Finlay, seconded the toast, saying:

"This is no ordinary occasion. Never has a worthier man occupied the post of ambassador to Great Britain and none has carried away deeper affection. Never was there a more welcome guest at the Inns than this consummate advocate, great diplomatist and genial man of the world."

The assembly was an extraordinary one in character and numbered nearly 400 members of the bench and bar, including almost every leading justice and barrister in England. Mr. Choate sat between Lord Halsbury and Lord McNaughten, lord of appeals in ordinary. Then ranged on both sides were the venerable privy councillors, each wearing his decorations and orders.

Toasted President and King.

The first toast was drunk after the simple words, "The King." The second, pronounced by the lord chancellor, was "The president, the great magistrate of a great nation."

Mr. Choate looked somewhat pale after his recent illness. He was greeted with prolonged but dignified applause. He spoke at considerable length, addressing the assembly as "Brothers all." He said in part:

"Words cannot express my gratitude for this unique and overwhelming honor. For an American lawyer to be the guest of the bench and bar of England on an occasion graced by the applauding presence of so many of their most distinguished members overcomes him with a sense of his own unworthiness. I can only suppose that in my person and over my head you intend an unexampled honor to the country I represent. I thank you all from the bottom of my heart. I am especially grateful to my friend, the lord chancellor."

Mr. Choate paid tribute to his personal friends, Lord Chancellor Halsbury and Lord Chief Justice Alverstone, and said that the new diplomacy to which the lord chancellor had said he belonged had made his task here easy. The men with whom he had had to deal at the foreign office, the late Lord Salisbury and Lord Lansdowne, were both of that school, saying what they meant and meaning what they said. He had always found them anxious to maintain the friendliest relations, always willing to meet America half way, and never with a card up their sleeve. His task had been easy because there were Queen Victoria and King Edward on one side and President McKinley and President Roosevelt on the other. The English people and Americans were ever determined to be friends.

Relations Extremely Pleasant.

"The relations between the bench and bar of the United States and Great Britain," Mr. Choate said, "were intimate and enduring. At the beginning we borrowed everything—your laws, your courts, your customs, but gradually we have been paying the debt until we have almost reached a state of mutual obligation and interdependence. The ancient Inns of Court and Westminster hall are regarded by my countrymen, and especially by my professional brethren, with intense interest and satisfaction, as the nurseries and home of the common law which underlies and sustains the principles and liberty common to both countries."

Mr. Choate will have one more public farewell, that at the hands of the lord mayor on May 5, and he expects to sail for New York on May 23.

SMASHERS SENTENCED.

Mrs. Nation and Two Companions Penalized for Destroying Property.

Wichita, Kan., April 15.—In the district court Carrie Nation, Myria McHenry and Mrs. Lucy Wilhot were found guilty of destruction of property and sentenced by Judge Wilson. Mrs. Nation was fined $250 and given four months in jail, Mrs. McHenry two months and a fine of $150, and Mrs. Wilhot 25 days in jail and a fine of $150. Sentence was suspended pending good behavior.

The offense was committed in September last when the three women broke the windows of a wholesale liquor house. The women voluntarily surrendered some time ago.

Maine Town Devastated by Fire.

Springvale, Me., April 15.—The greater portion of the business section of Springvale, together with many dwellings, has been destroyed by fire, entailing a loss estimated at $300,000.

DUN'S REVIEW OF TRADE.

Summary of Business Conditions Throughout the Country.

New York, April 15.—Dun's weekly review of trade says: Good news still predominates in trade and industry. Easter business is of large volume; dry goods, clothing, footwear and all lines of wearing apparel reporting an unusually good demand, and shipping departments are taxed to their full capacity in many cases. The country as a whole is experiencing more settled weather, which is reflected in a better retail distribution of merchandise. Jobbing trade in goods for fall deliveries is broadening and there is more inclination to prepare for the future. Manufacturers report less idle machinery, the iron and steel industry leading with an unprecedented output of pigiron, yet consumption is also above all records, for there is no accumulation at the furnaces. Textile mills are also well engaged, as a rule, and forwardings of footwear from Boston make favorable comparisons with every year except 1900.

A few labor controversies are threatened but none are of sufficient magnitude to materially check progress even if expected settlements are not attained.

Reports are somewhat conflicting as to mercantile collections, but improvement should follow the liberal distribution of funds in starting agricultural work. Treasury shipments of small change to the interior largely exceeding the amount in transit a year ago. Car blockades are few owing to the favorable weather, although traffic is very heavy.

Many steel mills are several weeks behind with deliveries and in some cases contracts are not taken where shipment is desired before July 1. Pressure is especially noteworthy in all lines of railway supplies, particularly light rails.

APPROVED BY GOVERNOR.

State Executive Passes Upon Recent Legislation.

Harrisburg, April 15.—Governor Pennypacker has approved the following bills:

Providing for the running and relocating of county lines; authorizing payment of costs by the county in cases of non-suit in criminal proceedings where the verdict of the jury is set aside relating to churches chartered under the act of 1855; empowering the commissioner of forestry to give the privilege to municipalities to impound water on forestry reservations; extending the act creating a brokers' tax to all brokers, whether persons, firms or corporations; providing for the probate of a will of a person whose death by presumption has been established; extending the borough consolidation act of 1903 to boroughs lying in more than one county; supplementing the penal laws relating to receiving stolen property and larceny.

MADE NO RESISTANCE.

Desperate Negro Hanged Without Hitch at Paterson, N. J.

Paterson, N. J., April 15.—Arthur Lasser and Joseph Miller, two negro murderers, died on the gallows in the county jail here. It had been expected that Lasser, who made a desperate attempt to escape from the jail last Sunday night after smooching his death watch, would make trouble, but he went to the gallows without resistance.

Columbia, S. C., April 15.—Marion Parr, a young cotton mill operative, who killed Clarence Shealey, a mill boy, was hanged here. The execution of Parr was the first hanging of a white man in South Carolina in 11 years.

ONE MILLION FOR ART.

Chicago Merchant Leaves Fortune to Beautify Boulevards.

Chicago, April 15.—Benjamin Ferguson, a lumber merchant of Chicago, has bequeathed to the Art Institute of Chicago the income of an estate valued at $1,000,000. The fund is to be used for the erection and maintenance of statuary and monuments in the parks, along the boulevards and in other public places in Chicago, "commemorating worthy men or women of America or important events of American history."

William R. French, director of the Art Institute, said: "I think this is the largest bequest of its kind ever made."

FOUR MEN BADLY BURNED.

Gasoline Lamp Explodes in Lift and They Are Unable to Escape.

Rochester, N. Y., April 15.—Four men were perhaps fatally burned and a fifth seriously in a gasoline lamp explosion in a building under construction on Main street.

The men were going to an upper floor in an open elevator, taking the lamp with them, when it exploded. The elevator man let the car go, which ran to the top and then started back. The men were writhing in pain, their clothing burned off and their bodies badly burned when the car reached the bottom.

INDIAN GIRL MURDERED.

Almost Nude Body Found After Weeks of Searching.

Marshalltown, Ia., April 15.—The body of an Indian girl, Ma Sa Che, who disappeared from the reservation on March 4, has been found near Montour in a ravine. The body was almost nude and wounds showed she had been murdered. The Indians had been searching for her for three weeks.

She was the granddaughter of the chief and was last seen with an Indian, George Soldier, who was formerly her husband.

HINT TO REPORTERS

President Roosevelt Asks Them to Let Him Hunt Without Their Help.

PROMISES TO SEND OUT NEWS

Makes Speeches at Various Places Along Journey—School Children Present Him With Big Stick—Reaches Colorado Springs in Evening.

Colorado Springs, Col., April 15.—Fully 10,000 people assembled at the Santa Fe station to welcome President Roosevelt. Wild cheering greeted the president as he stepped out on the platform of the car. The president responded to calls for a speech, saying in part:

"I am going to make a request of the people of Colorado. I am off on a hunt. One thing you cannot do on a hunt and that is to carry a brass band. You cannot combine hunting bears with your Fourth of July celebrations, so I am going to beg the people of Colorado to treat me on this hunt just as well as the people of Oklahoma treated me on the wolf hunt. If a lot of newspaper men start to come in after me I will have to come home; that is all there is to it. The thing they can do that will please me best is to let me be on that hunt alone and pay no earthly attention to me or to any of my party while I am off in the mountains. I want to ask the newspaper men, and especially the newspaper men of this great state of yours, a fair show and not to try to follow me up. If they do it probably will mean that I will have to give up the hunt. If they won't follow me I will agree that if anything of any earthly interest happens I will have the news sent out."

5,000 Greet Him at Pueblo.

Pueblo, Col., April 15.—Pueblo citizens to the number of 5,000 greeted President Roosevelt on his arrival at the Union station. When the special was first sighted a mighty cheer went up and it continued until President Roosevelt appeared on the rear platform and addressed the crowd. His speech was interrupted by the presentation of a "big stick," the gift of school children. The president spoke briefly.

Promptly at 5:50 o'clock the special pulled out over the Colorado and Southern railroad for Colorado Springs. The trip since crossing the Colorado line was uneventful except that at every station great crowds gathered to greet the chief executive.

Trinidad, Col., April 15.—Seven thousand persons, including 2,000 school children, waving small flags, greeted President Roosevelt here with cheers. The station platform had been roped off and 50 special officers kept the crowd in order. A number of Rough Riders acted as a guard of honor to the president.

Mayor Is Very Complimentary.

President Roosevelt was introduced by Mayor Brown as "The greatest man in the world." The president talked five minutes, warmly greeting the old soldiers. Turning to the children the president told them how glad he was to see them, for, he said, "You know I am as great on children as I am on irrigation, and you know what my views are on irrigation."

The president's train was preceded by a pilot train. Track walkers were placed at all curves and other precautions were taken to insure the president's safety.

JEFFERSON NEAR DEATH.

Famous Impersonator of "Rip Van Winkle" Dangerously Ill.

West Palm Beach, Fla., April 15.—Joseph Jefferson lies critically ill at his winter residence at Palm Beach. His condition, reported by attending physician Dr. R. B. Potter, is little improved. He is surrounded by his family and they are prepared to expect death at any minute.

Three weeks ago Mr. Jefferson visited ex-President Cleveland at Buzzard Sound, where he caught cold and upon his return to Palm Beach was forced to take his bed. He convalesced and was up after a few days' confinement, when Monday he was seized with a relapse. Dr. S. G. Worley was called from St. Augustine but returned on Thursday when Mr. Jefferson showed some improvement.

FAMOUS WORKS IDLE.

20,000 Artisans at Limoges, France Are Out on Strike.

Paris, April 15.—The extensive porcelain industry at Limoges is threatened with serious interruption. The decorating factories, including the Haviland works have decided to shut down owing to the demands of the workers. About 20,000 artisans are idle and disorder is threatened.

Crowds of strikers paraded the city and made raids on several factories, including the Haviland, where the manager locked the establishment. The men endeavored to break down and seize the doors, but were prevented by a police commissary. Slight damage was caused.

Powers Secures Strong Counsel.

Springfield, Ill., April 15.—Ex-Governor Yates has been retained, with ex-Governor Black of New York, to assist in the defense of Caleb Powers, who will be placed on trial again at Georgetown, Ky., the first Monday in May. Powers is charged with murdering William Goebel.

UNFITTED FOR JUDGE.

Scathing Arraignment Made of Supreme Justice Hooker's Actions.

Albany, N. Y., April 15.—Justice Warren B. Hooker, whose relations with legal affairs at Dunkirk and Fredonia are the subject of inquiry, was scathingly arraigned by Frank W. Stevens, of counsel for the bar association assisting in the investigation.

Mr. Stevens argued that the legislature had power to remove a justice for alleged acts of unfitness committed before the judicial function was assumed. "I shall assume," continued Mr. Stevens, "that any man who will resort to the lowest vices of a ward politician is morally unfit to judge over his fellow men. I shall assume that any man who will defraud the United States government, who is capable of low deceit, conniving and robbing the government of the United States, who will instruct the youth of the nation in crime and fraud and commit acts which must be suppressed from public view, is morally unfit to sit on the bench."

Mr. Stevens cited the case of Frank P. Ball, who was appointed to a position at the Fredonia postoffice and drew a salary amounting to upwards of $2,500 from the government without performing any service. "No man will stand up and justify this case," said the counsel. "If the Fredonia postoffice had been broken open by a burglar at night the loss to the government would be the same. In this case it was a breach of trust."

Taking up the cases of Maurice Hooker, the judge's nephew, and the other persons appointed to the Fredonia postoffice at the request, it is alleged, of Hooker, Mr. Stevens asked, "Can there be anything more shocking or more deplorable than six people on the payroll of a little postoffice, none of them performing any service?"

"You find the postoffice at Fredonia debauched. You find the government defrauded. You find the youth of Fredonia instructed in crime. Maurice Hooker was taught upon the entrance of his life to participate in a fraud. What do the teachers and pupils at the state normal school see? They see the nephew of a supreme court justice, by illicit means, by strong power, by means which will not bear the light, get the government funds in his pocket. What is the use of the state maintaining normal schools when they become nothing less than a set of thieves?"

Colored Woman Gives $33,000 to School

New York, April 15.—The largest bequest ever made by a colored person to Tuskegee Institute at Tuskegee, Ala., has been recorded in this city. Mary D. Shaw of Philadelphia bequeaths $33,000 to the institute of which Booker T. Washington is president.

Edward VII to Visit Algiers.

Algiers, April 15.—The prefect of this city has been formally notified that King Edward will visit Algiers.

NATIONAL AND AMERICAN GAMES

Scores of the Opening Day in the Two Major Leagues.

National League Friday.

New York, 9; Boston 1; Philadelphia 12, Brooklyn 8; Pittsburg 9, Cincinnati 1; Chicago 7, St. Louis 1.

American League Friday.

New York 3, Washington 2; Philadelphia 3, Boston 2; St. Louis 2, Chicago 1; Cleveland-Detroit—Rain.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, April 15.—Fresh reports of further damage to fall sown wheat crops, together with cut in the wheat pool, caused another sharp advance in wheat today. At the close wheat for May delivery was down ½c. May is off 1¾c; corn shows a loss of ¾c; oats 1c. Closing quotations: Wheat, May, $1.14⅞; July, 87⅞; corn, July, 48⅝; oats, July, 30.

PITTSBURG MARKETS—APRIL 14.

Corn—Yellow shelled, 52½@53; high mixed, 50@51; yellow car, 58@58½.

Oats—No. 2 white, 35½@36; No. 3, 35@35½; No. 4, 33@34.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $12.75@13; No. 2, $11.75@12.25; No. 1 clover, $12@12.25; No. 1 mixed, $12@12.25; loose from wagon, $14@16.

Eggs—Selected candled, 18½@19.

Butter—Prints, 33@33½; tubs, 32½@33; dairy, 24@25.

Cheese—New York full cream, new, 14½@15; Ohio cream, 14½@15; Limburger, new, 13½@14.

Cattle—Prime to fancy, fat, smooth steers, $6.20@6.40; green, coarse and rough, fat steers, $4.75@5.25; fat, smooth, dry fed, light steers, $4.75@5.50; choice milch cows, $30@45; medium to good milch cows, $15@30; good, fat, smooth, handy bulls, $3.25@4.25; feeding steers, good style, weight and extra quality, $3.75@4.50; fair to choice steers, $3@3.50.

Calves—Veals, good to choice, $6@6.50; veals, fair to good, $5@6; heavy and thin calves, $3@4.50.

Hogs—Good to prime yorkers, $5.30@5.40; medium weights, $5.30@5.32½; best heavy yorkers, $5.30@5.32½; good light yorkers, $5.30@5.35; pigs good to prime, $5.30@5.35.

Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers, $5.20@5.30; good to choice mixed, $4.85@5.10; fair to good mixed, $4@4.85; culls and common, $1.50@3; wooled lambs, $5@8.

Whew!

Fox—I wonder why they call this game "poker?"

Lamb—Perhaps it is because it causes a fellow to shovel out his money.—Boston Transcript.

Only Single Men Know.

First Man—No, sir. I don't pretend to know anything about women.

Second Man—Indeed! How long have you been married?—Baltimore News.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

A marriage license has been granted to William Assmus and Laura Cahill, of Massillon.

Mrs. A. Steiner, of Canal Fulton, and son, Frank Steiner, of Cleveland, are visiting Miss Frances Steiner, at her home in East Tremont street.

Millersburg now for the first time in its history, is without saloons, the thirty days since the election having expired. There were nine saloons.

Justice Spidle gave his decision in the case of Smith vs Riker Saturday morning and decreed that Smith should receive of Riker the sum of $21.89 as a balance due on a bill for drilling a well.

Miss Susie E. Henry and C. W. A. Smith, both living near Warwick, were married Thursday evening at 6:30 o'clock at St. John's parsonage by the Rev. J. E. Digel. They left immediately after the ceremony for their home.

Orders have been issued by Chief of Police McDowell, of Youngstown, to stop all Sunday base ball playing and card playing on the back lots of the city. Complaints have been coming in already, although the season is but just started.

Jacob Hess, a farmer of Reedsburg, aged 71 years, came to Probate court Thursday afternoon to secure a license to wed Mrs. Mary D. Burton, of Shelby, aged 58 years. Mr. Hess was formerly a county commissioner of Wayne county.—Mansfield Shield.

The postoffice department has given out information that a test of the Northern Ohio Traction lines for postal cars will be inaugurated some time in June. The tests will be made especially between Barberton, Akron, Kent, Ravenna and Cleveland and will determine the question of carrying mails on interurban lines.

The funeral of the late Nicholas Beck, a well known farmer of Jackson township, was held from St. Mary's church at 9 o'clock Thursday morning, the Rev. Father Reuter officiating. The services were attended by three hundred persons. The pall bearers were well known friends and neighbors of the deceased. Interment was made in St. Mary's cemetery.

The coal mining industry hereabouts promises to be very slack during the coming summer. The Collier mine has worked but a few days in the past three months and Monday it was announced that the Porter mine would close at once until fall. This leaves only the Wagner mine and several small retail banks in operation, and throws many men out of employment. —Doylestown Journal.

Master John Johnson celebrated his seventh birthday Saturday afternoon at the home of his parents, Mr and Mrs. William Johnson in East Main street by entertaining a number of small guests, mostly cousins. At supper time the company gathered about a prettily decorated table at which they enjoyed all the usual accompaniments of a birthday feast. Each guest received a downy chicken as a souvenir.

The gold fever has broken out anew at Mt. Eaton, since the report of the second assay, which we are informed showed even better than the first specimen sent for analysis. Fancy prices are being offered for land in the proximity of the place where quartz was first discovered. O. F. Wisner, of Apple Creek, holds the leases for many acres of land, and it looks as if he had the matter correred.—Wilmot Review.

The state auditor this year has not allowed the assessment sheets of last year to come into the hands of the assessors this spring and consequently these public officials have nothing to go by but their own judgment. No reason is given by the state auditor but it is thought that the reason for the withholding of last year's sheets is to prevent the assessors from setting values year after year from the preceding assessor's report.

The Ohio section of the United States weather bureau's weather and crop report for the week ending April 10 is as follows: Wheat, barley and rye making good growth; oats seeding well advanced in south and west; oats meadows, clover fields and tobacco plants starting well; much plowing done; potato planting general in south; gardens being made; early fruit in blossom in south, some damage by the freezing weather.

James R. Sprankle has been removed as administrator of his father's estate by Probate Judge Hadden. Complaint was made against him by his stepmother several weeks ago, and the fight over the removal has been one of the most bitter ever engaged in in probate court. Mrs. Sprankle alleged that her stepson had been guilty of misconduct in his management of the property. The judge will announce the name of a new administrator. The estate is valued at $150,000.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Western Union Telegraph Company has extended its money transfer business to foreign countries. The local Western Union office will accept money to be transferred by cable to points in Great Britain and Ireland, France, Switzerland, Germany, Austria-Hungary, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Belgium, Holland, Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Russia in Europe, Turkey in Europe, Roumania, Bulgaria, Servia, Greece, Corsica, Sardinia and all other countries in Europe. They also transfer money to Alaska, Cuba and the Philippines.

A SECOND ARREST.

Partner of Man Arrested Here Taken to Troy.

Detectives Welch and Eckerman made what is believed to be an important arrest at Mogadore, late Wednesday afternoon, when they apprehended Harry Reed, of this city. The charge against Reed when he was arrested was that of a fugitive from justice, but the one lodged against him by the authorities of Troy, O., was highway robbery. According to information received by he Akron police, Reed and Ed Henry, of this city, were involved in a bad job in Troy several weeks ago, when Chirl Maulsbury, a resident of that place, was robbed of a gold watch and $30 in money. The man was beaten up badly and dragged some distance, information from Troy states, and suffered serious results from the encounter. Reed has been taken to Troy.

Henry, whose aliases are said to be John Connors and James Donovan, was arrested in Massillon some time ago by Chief Ertle, of that city, and was also taken back to Troy, where he was bound over to court to await the action of the grand jury. It is claimed that the stolen watch was found on his person.—Akron Beacon Journal.

NEARBY TOWNS.

WILMOT.

Wilmot, April 15.—The Rev. H. E. Williamson, who has been indisposed for a few days, left for the home of his parents at Lithopolis on Monday.

John Bash is making improvements on his Main street home by the addition of a porch and by beautifying the interior of the residence also.

Miss Alice Keefer accompanied her sister, Mrs. Laura Baehr, to Oberlin, O., last week. Miss Keefer is not yet decided where she will make her home, now that the old home is broken up.

The citizens were thrown into a state of excitement last Saturday at noon when the alarm of fire was sounded, and the information was given out that the residence of Dr. O. C. Ricksecker was on fire. In a few minutes a large crowd had gathered, but to the relief of all it was a false alarm. The cry of fire always sends a direful thrill through our people and they are not slow to respond.

GREAT PYTHIAN GATHERING.

Grand Lodge of Ohio Will Meet at Springfield.

Springfield, O., April 15.—The grand lodge of Ohio, Knights of Pythias, will meet here June 13, 14 and 15. Incidentally the new building at the Ohio Pythian home will be dedicated with due pomp.

It is expected that the dual occasion will bring several thousand Pythians, possibly twelve or fifteen thousand, to the city. The dedication will take place on the afternoon of June 13. The principal address will be delivered by Grand Chancellor J. D. Clark, of Dayton, with General Mitchell, of Cleveland, in charge of the programme. The programme will be preceded by a parade in which it is expected five thousand Pythians will take part.

The local committees, making arrangements for the gathering, have planned decorations of the most elaborate character ever seen in this city. Features of the assemblage will be a ball in the Champion City Guard hall, a special programme in Spring Grove Casino, the sessions of the Rathbone Sisters in the Grand opera house, the secret sessions of the grand lodge in the city hall and the conferring of degrees in council chamber.

A UNIQUE RECORD.

Not Another Like it in Our Broad Republic.

To give positive home testimony in every locality is of itself unanswerable proof of merit; but when we add to this the continued endorsement from people who testified years ago no evidence can be stronger. A Massillon citizen gratefully acknowledges the good received from Doan's Kidney Pills, and when time has tested the cure we find the same hearty endorsement, with added enthusiasm and continued praise. Cases of this kind are plentiful in the work of Doan's Kidney Pills, and such a record is unique in the annals of medicine.

Louis Feil, clerk at Bechtel & Taggart's grocery, living at 220 Akron street, says: "In May, 1900, when I was living at 36 Cliff street, I told the people of Massillon through our newspapers that Doan's Kidney Pills cured me of attacks of aching across the loins which at times were severe enough to make me cry out and of other annoyances incidental to kidney trouble. It is now over four years since I made that statement and during that time there have been no recurrences. I have recommended Doan's Kidney Pills repeatedly to friends and acquaintances."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

SCHWAB'S MISSION.

Interest in Great Steel and Iron Combination.

New York, April 15.—Since Charles M. Schwab has been in Europe it has developed that his mission there is not alone to get contracts for the building up of European navies, but principally to secure for the tremendous interest he represents the American interests in one of the most gigantic steel and iron combinations ever attempted.

For a long time it has been well known that a combination of the German, English, French and Italian steel and iron industries was being undertaken, and that, when perfected, a company would be in existence formidable enough to combat the great United States Steel Corporation. Until Mr. Schwab's real mission abroad became known there was considerable conjecture as to what the new concern was going to do about American representation. There is no longer any doubt that Mr. Schwab has captured it, and that a war on the United States Steel Corporation will soon begin.

It is a peculiar situation for Schwab to be in. Although the reason given for his retirement from the United States Steel Corporation was ill health, it is generally understood that he was forced out and that he has borne no kindly feeling since to those responsible for his undoing.

As the American representative of the big foreign combination, with the Bethlehem works and its allied plants behind him, he will be in a position to make a hard fight against the American concern.

Practically the entire world's output of steel and iron will be manufactured by these rival combinations. Mr. Schwab, in addition to owning the Bethlehem plant and its allied companies, is heavily interested in the Chicago Pneumatic Tool Company and the International Nickel Company. Until recently he controlled the American Foundries Company, and it is reported that he still retains a considerable interest in the United States Steel Corporation. Mr. Schwab is reported to have about $25,000,000 in contracts already from Russia and Japan for armor plate. Which ever way the war in the East goes it is certain that both countries will have to spend fabulous sums in rebuilding their navies and Mr. Schwab has been working hard to get his share of the business for the Bethlehem works. The Midvale works and the Carnegie Company are also reported to have secured a considerable part of the work to be done in this country for Russia and Japan, but Mr. Schwab, it is said, has the lion's share.

IRON AND STEEL.

Two Million Tons of Pig Consumed During March.

New York, April 15.—Consumption of 2,000,000 tons of pig iron in March is shown by the monthly statistics of the Iron Age. The output of coke and anthracite and pig iron during March was 1,936,000 tons. To this must be added about 34,000 tons of charcoal iron. Taking into account a reduction in the stocks of merchant furnaces, the extraordinary total of 2,000,000 tons is reached.

The enormous output, as contrasted with former months, was due largely to the record breaking in some of the great districts like Pittsburg with its 510,000 tons; the Shenango valley with 155,000 tons, and the Illinois northwest group with its 253,000 tons. While such records may not be at once repeated the furnaces usually work best in April, May and June, and the handling of raw materials is not impeded.

The heavy production indicates a possibility that importations of foreign iron and steel on a large scale, which has been rather threatening of late, may be avoided.

The event of the week in the pig iron markets has been the purchase of a large quantity of foundry iron, estimated variously from 50,000 to 75,000 tons, by a harvester company for delivery during the second half year, northern and southern furnaces participating.

PLOT AGAINST MINISTER.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—The Associated Press is informed that M. Witte went to Tsarkoe Selo yesterday and informed the emperor that it was quite plain that a plot against him existed and that he desired to retire. The emperor, it is understood, has declined again to accept the minister's resignation.

HE HAS
SORE THROAT
And is Gargling With
TONSILINE
That's one way of using it.
Take it, gargle it, or spray it. TONSILINE never fails. 25 and 50 cents. All druggists.
The Tonsiline Company, Canton, Ohio.

ASKED FOR A STATEMENT.

Oberlin, O., April 15.—S. S. Gibson, a retail oil dealer, who charges that the Standard Oil Company is waging a war against him, has been asked by the department of commerce to make a full statement of the matter.

NEARBY TOWNS.

BEACH CITY.

Beach City, April 17.—The public sale season has closed.

Harvey Halbletzel came home from Massillon Wednesday to nurse a severe cold.

John Goehler has sold his thirty-five acre farm and will leave for Kansas about the first of May.

Country schools around town will close their winter term Friday of next week. Some are preparing to give an entertainment at the close.

Time and Books.

The economy of saving time is wise, but there is an economy of spending time. In reading, especially, hurry is most wasteful. Reading is the making of thoughts, of ideas, of pictures in the brain. All young photographers know how little is to be made out of an "underexposed plate," but do they understand that there may be such a thing as an underexposed brain? It takes time to make impressions on the mind. If you read too fast, either aloud or to yourself, or skim over your reading, the mind receives poor impressions or none at all.—St. Nicholas.

Tides on the Great Lakes.

In theory there must be lunar tides on the great lakes, although they may be too small to be detected in bodies of water so much more affected by winds and by differences in barometric pressure. This latter influence is so potent that in Lake Michigan it sometimes causes disturbances resembling tidal waves when the surface of the water is otherwise quite calm.

His Hard Luck.

Benevolent Old Lady (to one of the unemployed)—Poor man! What have you done to your hand? Unemployed—Broke my knuckles, mum, knockin' at people's doors askin' for work.

In order to love mankind we must not expect too much of them.—Helvetius.

A Crusher.

Violinist (proudly)—The instrument I shall use at your house tomorrow evening, my dear sir, is over 200 years old. Parvenu—Oh, never mind that. It's good enough. No one will know the difference.

Very Often.

Teacher—Now, then, what do we mean by composition? Little Girl (eagerly)—Please, miss, composition is the art of bringing simple ideas into complication.—Manila Times.

Old and Young.

"Well, well, that's a funny thing."

"What is?"

"Miss Passay was an old maid before she married, and now that her husband is dead she has become a young widow."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Uplifted.

"Yer honor," protested the seedy prisoner, "dis is jist a case o' perjice persecution. Dey'se tryin' ter keep me down, yer honor. You ain't goin' ter let 'em keep me down, are yer?"

"Certainly not," replied the magistrate. "I'm going to send you up for ninety days."—Philadelphia Press.

Love.

It is hard to preserve equanimity and greatness on that debatable ground between love and esteem. There is nothing so stable and unfluctuating as love. The waves beat steadfast on its shore forever, and its tide has no ebb. It is a resource in all extremities and a refuge even from itself. And yet love will not be leaned on.—H. D. Thoreau in Atlantic.

MASSILLON MARKET.

The following are the retail prices today in Massillon. This report is corrected daily:

Country butter, per lb	30 32
Creamery butter	34
Eggs, per dozen	16
Chickens spring, lb	18
Cabbage, per pound	2½
Lettuce, per lb	6
Onions, per peck	50
Potatoes, per bushel	45
Jersey Sweet Potatoes per peck	50

Dealers Pay for Country Produce:

Country butter, per lb	25 28
Eggs, per dozen	13
Chickens, live, per lb	12
Chickens, spring, dressed lb	14
Chickens, dressed	12
Cabbage, per doz	50
Potatoes, per bushel	30

GRAIN MARKETS.

Following are the paying prices.

Wheat	$1.05
Oats	32-33
Corn	56

Following are the selling prices.

Hay, baled, per hundred	80
Straw, per hundred	55
Shelled corn, per bushel	70
Oats, per bushel	40
Corn	70
Hay, loose, per ton	$10 $11

FOR SALE!

THE REMPIS CEMENT BLOCK MACHINES

Patd. Feb. 11, 1905

A Good One. Made by

The Rempis & Gallmeyer Foundry Co.

60 N. Front St., Grand Rapids, Mich. Write us. It will pay you

No Dessert More Attractive

Why use gelatine and spend hours soaking, sweetening, flavoring and coloring when

Jell-O

produces better results in two minutes? Everything in the package. Simply add hot water and set to cool. It's perfection. A surprise to the housewife. No trouble, less expense. Try it to-day. Flavors: Lemon, Orange, Strawberry, Raspberry, Chocolate and Cherry. At grocers. 10c.

When you make Ice Cream use Jell-O ICE CREAM Powder. All ingredients in the package. At all grocers. 2 pkgs for 25c.

Bodily pains loses its terror if you've a bottle of Dr Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Instant relief in case of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.

ALL KINDS SOLD EVERYWHERE

Children going to school? Then put HOOD'S on their feet.

Ask for Plymouths.
MADE FOR the Whole Family as well.

HOOD RUBBERS

TRADE HOOD RUBBER CO. (INC.) MARK

The Most Stylish

Spring Jackets

are being shown in the Coat and Suit Section at

Humberger's.

COVERT CLOTH COAT $6.00

The Spring Jacket at

$6.00

we refer to here, has better style and quality than a Jacket you will be asked at least $7.50 elsewhere.

We are showing everything in good numbers of High Tailored Garments.

Ladies' and Misses' Skirts, Suits, Silk Coats, Shirt Waist Suits of all class materials now the vogue.

Superior and Honor Bright Shirt Waists—Look for the Superior Seal and Honor Bright Label.

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS.

Articles lost and found, houses to let or desired help wanted, situations wanted, real estate bulletins and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this head than by any other means. Copy must be left not later than 10 a. m. to insure insertion the same day. Three publications of not more than 4 printed lines for 25 cents.

FOR RENT.

FRONT office room over State Bank, 7 W. Main St. Inquire at Bank.

HOUSE—Eight room house; well and cistern water; cor. Chester and East Sts. Inquire F A Sieberg 18 W. Main St.

HOUSE—A 5 room house with gas city and cistern water on E Oak St. Inquire of Dr. S S P. Barnes 63 E. Main St.

HOUSE—Nine room house with bath, hot and cold water and modern conveniences, on Wellman St. Inquire of Meinhart & Son, 27 Paul St., or 30 Water St.

NOTICE to Fraternal and other organizations wishing good location an cheap rent in Trades and Labor Assembly Hall, can find it by calling on John Longheir, Sec'y of Trustees, 105 Muskingum St.

ROOMS—Furnished for light housekeeping Gas for heat and light. Loeffler Block, cor Tremont and Erie. Opp Sailer Hotel.

ROOMS—Three rooms in an apartment house; $10 00 a month. S. Rural.

WANTED

GIRL—An experienced cook at the residence of Dr A. P. L. Pease. Apply to Miss Skinner at this office

HOUSE—To rent a six or seven roomed house with bath, centrally located. Address A. Independent Co

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—You can make $25 a 1,000 copying at home; spare time; no mailing or canvassing; everything furnished, particulars free. Crown Supply Co., 402 Westminster St., Prov., R. I

MEN—To distribute samples, tack signs; $3.0 daily; no canvassing. Continental Distributing Service, Chicago.

SEND for free book "How to Succeed as a Traveling Salesman in Six Weeks." Position guaranteed with responsible house. Bradstreet System, Rochester N. Y.

TO TRAVEL—Lady or gentleman; salary and expenses. Also someone to work for $2 per day in Massillon. State where can be seen. Address "M," care Independent.

MISCELLANEOUS

MONEY TO LOAN—$5 000 00 to $10,000 00 of the endowment funds of the Massillon Cemetery Ass'n is offered for loan on first class mortgage security at 6 per ct. interest; long time given. Applications for loans should be made to the secretary

Wm. H Burd, Sec'y.

WALL PAPER CLEANED for a limited time. Leave word at L. A. Koons' wall paper store, Shauf's candy store, or address C. Reed, Navarre, O.

For Sale or Rent.

LAND—Nineteen acres of land, with a six room house, wind pump, all kinds of fruit. Inquire 68 W. Main St.

FOR SALE.

HORSE—Eight-year old sorrel carriage horse. Inquire F. L. Koontz livery, Factory st.

PUPPIES—Very small; well bred. W. E. Rohn, Park Row.

SALOON and fixtures, with a well established bar trade; good reasons for selling. Inquire of Julius Stone, at National Wine Co.

FOR SALE.

A HOME PLACE; 5 acres on Pigeon Run road, close to city; house, barn, orchard, small fruits; very desirable. Conard, Real Estate, over Merchants bank

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BICYCLE—Lady's bicycle; Imperial wheel Morgan & Wright tires; in good condition. Inquire at 12 Andrew St.

BUSINESS BLOCK—The 2 story, pressed brick front building on North Erie St., occupied by the Oatman Printing Co and the Pacific Express Co.; with modern 6-room flat on the second floor; will be sold to net 7 per ct. Building 26x55 ft with steam heat and electric light. Must be sold soon. Inquire of Charles C King, 29 S Erie St

FURNITURE—As Mr. and Mrs. McElhaney expect to travel through the west this summer, they will sell their rugs and carpets and most of their quartered oak furniture rather than store them; also a quantity of preserved fruit. Call this week or next at 101 N. East St

FURNITURE—Walnut and oak bed room suite combination book case, dining room furniture, child's iron bed. Inquire 65 S. East St

HOUSE—Six room house in North High St. Gas, city and cistern water. Inquire at 93 Plum St.

HOUSE—New house in desirable locality; complete in every part; electricity, furnace, hot water; good lot with fruit trees in bearing condition. Inquire Theo H. Foche, 144 East Oak St., or Warren E. Russell.

LOT—Lot 40x100 ft, on South Cedar St., for 30 days only. Inquire at 178 S. Erie St.

MARE—Good single line leader, wt. 1 100, price $40. One large 3-spring wagon, suitable for gardener. Inquire Sonnhalter & Koons' grocery, W. Main.

MORTGAGES—First class western farm mortgages. Isaac Conard Real Estate and Insurance Broker, Loans, Investments, over Merchants bank. Mass. phone 385.

PIANO—We have a bargain in a piano, used only six months; can't tell it from new; was taken in exchange for a Rammerlin upright grand piano. Take advantage of this remarkable offer quick. Rammerlin Bros, Factory St.

PIANO—Fine mahogany upright piano; just received in exchange for an Ebersole piano; good tone, good action; the case is somewhat crazed, otherwise it is in fine condition; $ 89.00 to close. The Klein & Heffelman Co., 222 230 E. Tus St, Canton, O.

PRESBYTERIAN church and chapel, as they stand, corner of Hill and Plum Sts., Massillon, O. Call or address Isaac Conard, real estate, over Merchants' Bank.

SEVEN room house, all modern conveniences, lot 69x140, paved street, 139 Akron street, $3 900. 8 room house, hard wood finish bath, furnace, gas, city and cistern water, lot 64 feet front on Wooster street, just off Main St. $2,500. 7 room house, Wood St., $1,500 5 room house, Euclid St., $1,200 4 room house and good lot, State St., $1 000. 8 room house, modern conveniences, splendid location, 10 Akron St. Inquire Chas. G. King, 29 S. Erie St.

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